

APPLICATION GUIDE

Oil Extraction

QCC Controller & CXT Explosion Proof Butane Sensor

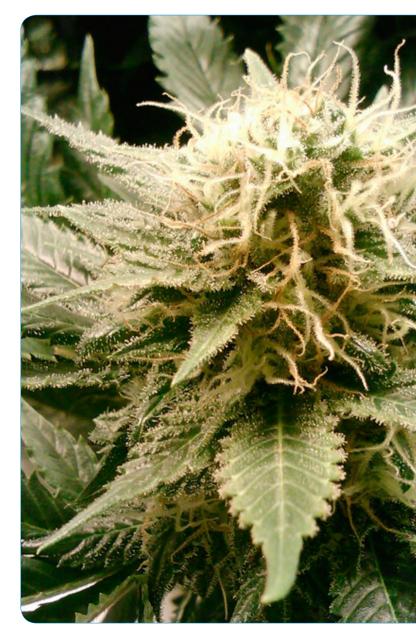
Peace of mind. Guaranteed.

Continuous monitoring of Butane in commerical oil extraction facilities

The legal marijuana industry is experiencing a whole new world of possibilities when it comes to product offerings. There are commercial growing, processing and extraction facilities producing forms of the product that can be smoked or eaten.

Edible products are typically infused with a highly concentrated oil, providing edible products as an alternative to smoking. To produce the honey-like oil, the production process typically involves using a flammable and hazardous solvent, such as butane to extract the THC from the plant. During the process, at some point the butane must be released to remove it from the oil which could pose the risk of explosion and asphyxiation. In a closed system, this release is less dangerous than in an open system. However, the potential for butane to leak and/or be released into the surrounding air is legitimate safety concern.

Having Critical Environment Technologies' QCC Quad Channel Controller with CXT Explosion Proof transmitters with an infrared Butane sensor to monitor for butane leaks is a safety practice that may save facilities from explosions and workers from hazardous gas exposure.

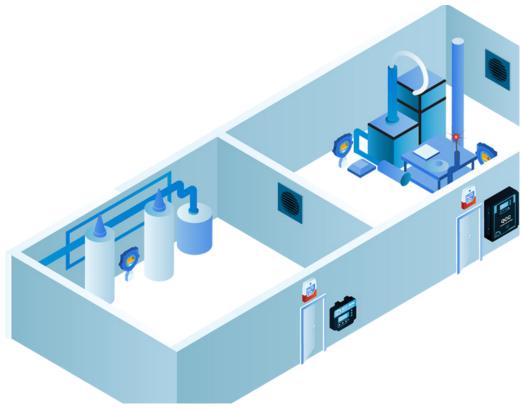


Critical Environment Technologies Canada Inc. Unit 145, 7391 Vantage Way Delta, BC, V4G 1M3, Canada www.critical-environment.com TF: +1.877.940.8741 T: +1.604.940.8741 F: +1.604.940.8745 © 2020 | Data subject to change without notice.



Continuous Monitoring of Butane (C_4H_{10}) in oil extraction processing facilities

Inside the oil extraction processing area, CXT-A-IC4H10 Explosion Proof transmitters with an infrared Butane sensor should be mounted 6 inches from the floor near the extractor and where the gas may potentially leak and is likely to collect. Butane is heavier than air and will collect in low places. Mounted at viewing height, outside the extraction processing area door



should be a QCC Quad Channel Controller with a top mounted strobe or a Remote Strobe / Horn device mounted on the wall outside the door.

Inside the chemical storage room should be a CXT-A-IC4H10 **Explosion Proof transmitter** mounted 6 inches from the floor, near the Butane gas cylinders to continuously monitor for potential leaks from the cylinders. In addition, an explosion proof strobe/ horn should be installed inside the room to provide an audible/ visual alert. In the event of a gas build up in excess of the alarm set points, the QCC will go into an alarm state and the relays will be triggered, which will in turn activate the ventilation fans and the Remote Strobe / Horn devices.

The QCC is pre-programmed and field adjustable. Configurable settings include relay assignment, time delays, logic control, sensor types and ranges, alarm set points, etc. There is a 4-line x 20 character backlit LCD display that actively scrolls through the programmed channels and displays the gas name, concentration and alarm status. The QCC has 3 relays that can be configured to activate the exhaust ventilation system, trigger onboard and remote alarms and other equipment or procedures as appropriate. The QCC can accept up to four 4-20 mA inputs and/or Modbus RS-485 digital inputs. An optional analog output module is available that offers two 4-20 mA outputs and data logging.

The QCC communicates with the transmitter(s) and provides a single point of access to view gas level readings and configure the transmitter settings. Up to a maximum of four transmitters can be connected to the QCC. If more transmitters are required, an FCS Flexible Control System controller should be used instead. If the extraction process uses Carbon Dioxide (CO_2) and Butane, installing a CXT-A-ICO2 (0 - 5% vol) Explosion Proof transmitter with an infrared CO_2 sensor is recommended as well.

If the facility has been approved as a non-hazardous area by a design engineer, the LPT-A Analog transmitter with a combustible butane sensor may be used instead of the CXT. Likewise an CGAS-A-CO2-5K (0 - 5,000 ppm range) transmitter with a CO_2 sensor may be used.